Application of laser scanning technology for civil engineering projects in Serbia

Prof. T. Ninkov, Ph. D., Vladimir Bulatović, Ms. Sc.Faculty of Technical Sciences Universiti Novi Sad, Serbia **Zoran Sušic G.S. E., Dejan Vasić G. S. E**GeoGIS Consultants, Belgrade, Serbia

PRODUCTION DTM AND MAPS AS BASE OF CIVIL ENGINEERING DESIGN

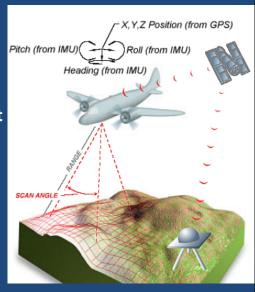
- Phase 1: Data acquisition
 - existing data
 - updating existing data
 - new acquisition
- Numerical processing and maps and 3D model production
- Criteria for choosing data acquisition methodology: Accuracy and time

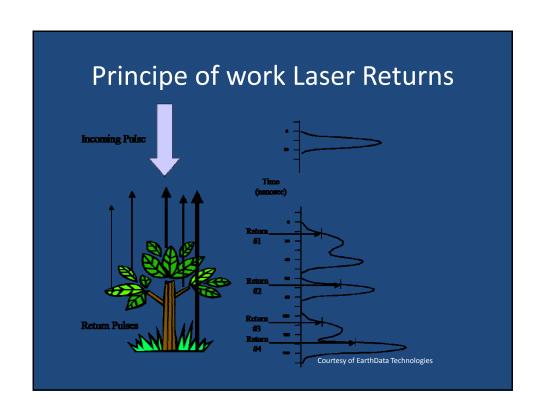
Multi Sensor Data Acquisition

- Electronic total stations
- Digital terrain, airplane and satellite photogrametry
- GPS technology
 Static , Kinematic, TRK Kinematic, Continual RTK Kinematic, combinations
- LIDAR technology revolution in data acquisition (Stationary, pseudo stationary, Mobile for work from land and air)

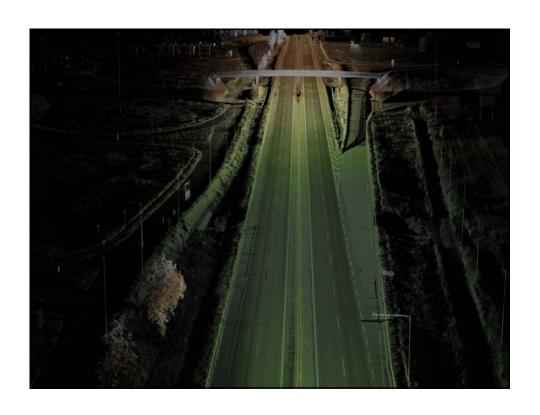
LIDAR Components

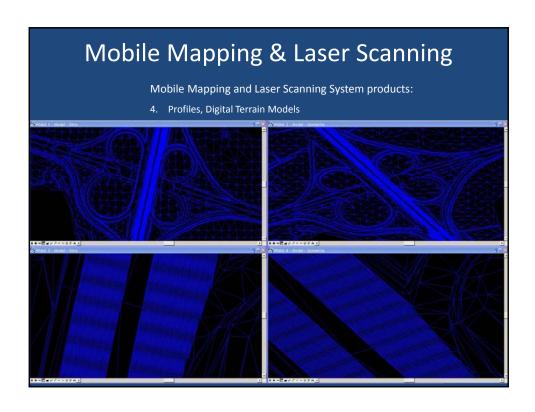
- Three major components of a LIDAR system
- 1. GPS
- 2. Inertial Measurement Unit
- 3. Laser Range Finder

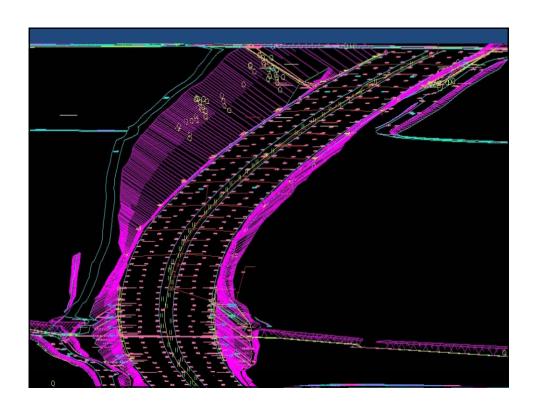






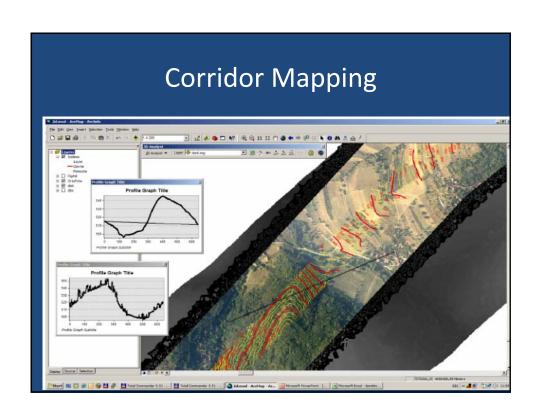






LIDAR applications in Serbia

- Reconstruction of historical monuments and structure
- Reconstruction of existing structures (Buildings, Churches, Synagogue,)
- Geometry control during construction and producing design of constructed structures
- Deformation measurements of civil engineering structures (roof of sport hall...)
- Corridor mapping projects
- Other applications





Church – LIDAR + Photogrametry 3D model



3D model of the church at Medun (near Podgorica) generated from the data from laser scanning and digital photogrammetry

Building reconstruction project