The Current Status of Land Parcel Data in the United States

David Cowen - University of South Carolina

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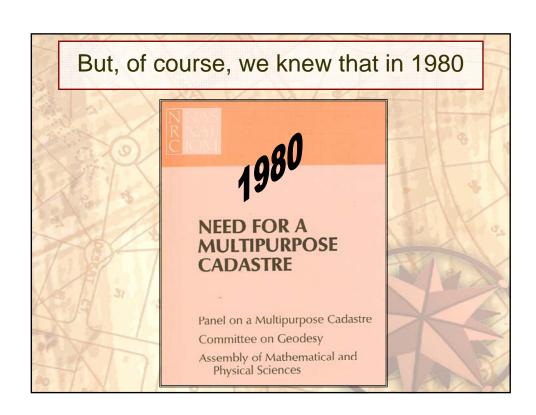
Bob Ader – Bureau of Land Management

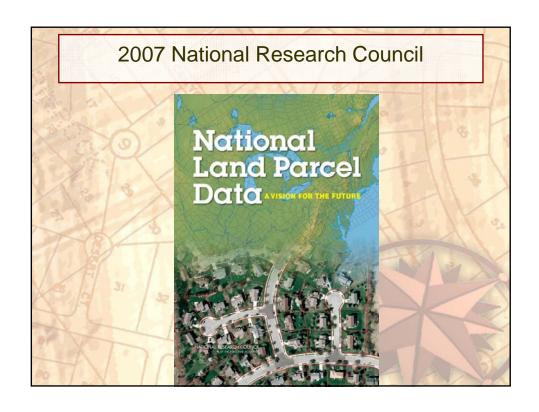
What do we know about national interest in parcel level data?

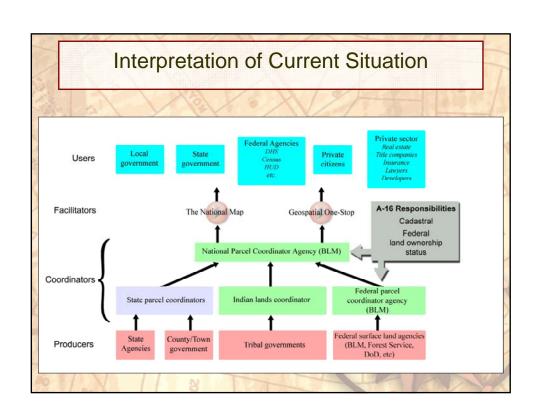
 "There is a critical need for a better landinformation system in the United States to improve land-conveyance procedures, furnish a basis for equitable taxation, and provide muchneed information for resource management and environmental planning "

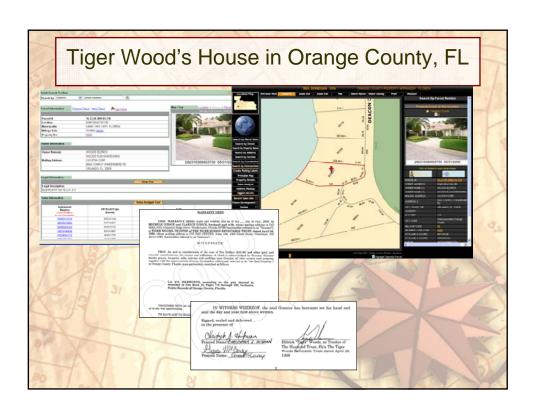
Obstacles

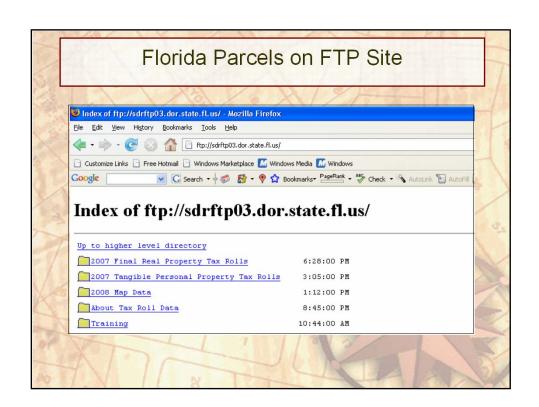
 The major <u>obstacles</u> in the development of a multipurpose cadastre are the <u>organizational</u> and <u>institutional</u> requirements.

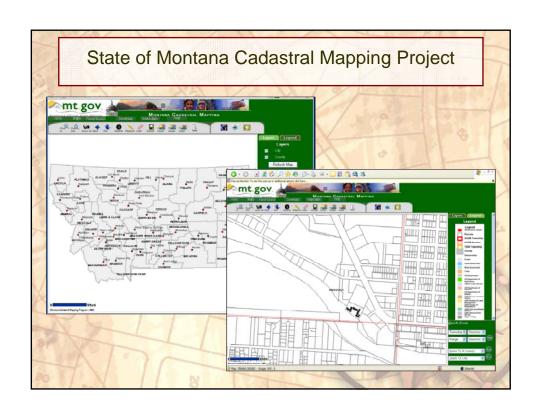


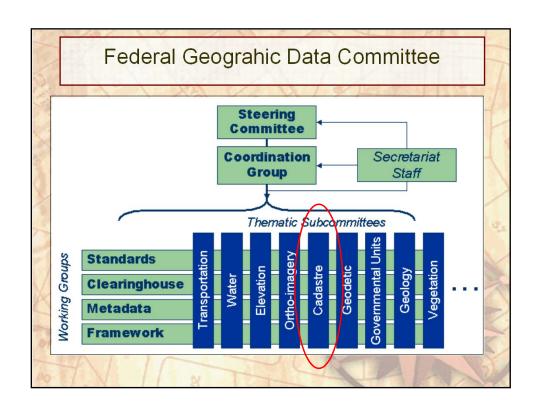








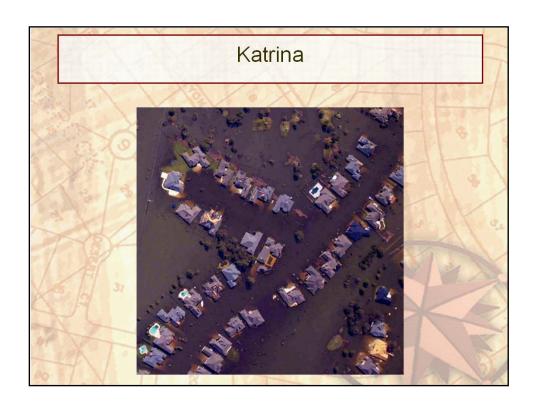




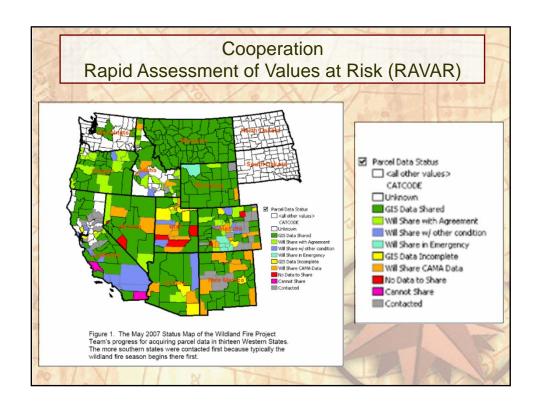
What benefits do you perceive from having a national multipurpose cadastre?

- <u>Parcel data is the fundamental building block</u> for all geographic analysis and serves as the raw material for most applications most geographic analysis is benefit from the ability to understand the result at the parcel level
- A multipurpose cadastre enables a vast range of location-based services that will <u>improve</u> <u>safety and increase efficiency</u> of current operations
- Available, *critical data* for emergency response
 - Local parcel data were still being sought 8 weeks into the response to Hurricane Katrina
 - Impact from most disasters is **best understood at the parcel level**
 - GIS is becoming the way disasters are managed. A common operating picture depends on an available multipurpose cadastre
 - National response centers such as IMAAC depend on the availability of local data for accurate hazard predictions and health recommendations such as shelter in place
- Most DHS programs depend on geographic data that is at the parcel scale
- for example Critical Infrastructure Program
- •The ability to protect the privacy of individuals is dependent on an accurate parcel-level

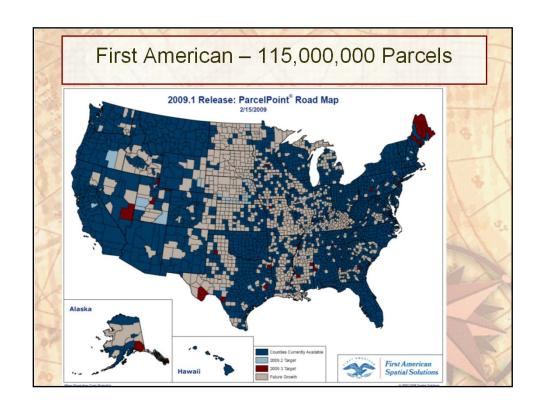


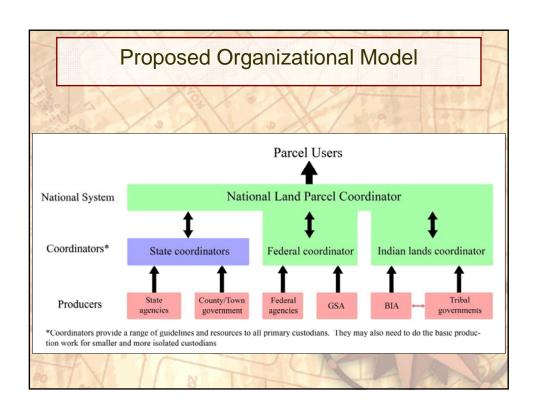












Karen Siderelis, chair of the FGDC

"Land parcel data combined with other geographic information are **essential** to such functions as the management of emergency situations, development of domestic energy resources, management of private and public lands, support of business activities, and monitoring of regulatory compliance.

(FGDC Annual Report, 2009)